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Biodiesel production from oil extracted from seeds of *Thevetia sps.* and Waste Frying Oil

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Abstract: Yellow oleander (Thevetiasps.) tree is largely available in North-East India, and is widespread in American, Asian and African continents. The plant has been regarded as a potential source of biologically active compounds viz. insecticides, rodenticides, fungicides and bactericides. Waste oil has many disposal problems like water and soil pollution, human health concern and disturbance to the aquatic ecosystem, so rather than disposing it and harming the environment, it can be used as an effective and costefficient feedstock for biodiesel production as it is readily available. The main advantage of using WFO is the low cost, as low as 70-80%

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Patna – 800 001, Bihar, India. E-mail: ishagaurav86@gmail.com of typical virgin oil price. The study analyzed the potential use of WFO, mixed with Oleander oil in standardized alkali process.

Keywords: Biodiesel, Thevetia, Transesterification, Waste Frying Oil

Introduction:

Biodiesel is an alternative diesel fuel produced from lipid feed stocks and an alcohol. Biodiesel is produced through a transesterification reaction. In this reaction, in the presence of a catalyst, triglycerides react with an alcohol producing a mixture of FAAE and glycerol. The overall process is a sequence of three consecutive and reversible reactions, in which di and monoglycerides are formed as intermediates compounds. Inspite of the improved and available industrial production in various countries, biodiesel can still not compete with the prices of petroleum diesel. According to Zhang et al. (2003), plant capacity and edible oils prices are the most significant factors affecting the economic viability of biodiesel manufacture. The key issue for large scale application of biodiesel as compared to petroleum diesel is the high cost of biodiesel which is mainly concerned with cost of feedstock oils as both the edible and non-edible oils

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